## Fraction

Unit 23.1 Addition of Three Fractions Part I

1. Add the following.
a. $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{5}$
f. $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{2}{7}+\frac{1}{2}$
$=\frac{\square}{60}+\frac{\square}{60}+\frac{\square}{60}=\frac{\square}{\square}$
b. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{5}$
g. $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{2}{5}+\frac{1}{6}$
c. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{5}+\frac{1}{7}$
h. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{5}{6}+\frac{8}{9}$
d. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{7}$
i. $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{2}{5}+\frac{1}{7}$
e. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{5}+\frac{3}{7}$
j. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{9}+\frac{3}{5}$

## Fraction

## Unit 23.2 Addition of Three Fractions Part II

The Least Common Multiple (LCM) of $(2,6,8)$ can be found as follows.

| LCM of 2 and 6: 6 |
| :--- |
| LCM of 6 and 8:24 |
| So, LCM of $(2,6,8): 24$ | \(\quad\left[\begin{array}{l}LCM of 2 and 8:8 <br>

LCM of 8 and 6:24 <br>
So, LCM of(2,6,8): 24\end{array} \quad\left[$$
\begin{array}{l}\text { LCM of } 6 \text { and 8:24 } \\
\text { LCM of } 24 \text { and 2:24 } \\
\text { So, LCM of }(2,6,8): 24\end{array}
$$\right.\right.\)
2. Find the LCM of the following.
a. $(2,3,5)$
d. $(8,12,16)$
b. $(2,3,4)$
e. $(9,12,15)$
c. $(4,6,8)$
f. $(6,12,15)$

