Time:

Fraction **Unit 23.1**

Addition of Three Fractions Part I

1. Add the following.

a.
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{\Box}{60} + \frac{\Box}{60} + \frac{\Box}{60} = \frac{\Box}{\Box}$$

f.
$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{7} + \frac{1}{2}$$

b.
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5}$$

g.
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{6}$$

c.
$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{7}$$

h.
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{8}{9}$$

d.
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{7}$$

i.
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{7}$$

e.
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{7}$$

j.
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{3}{5}$$



Fraction Unit 23.2

Addition of Three Fractions Part II

The Least Common Multiple (LCM) of (2, 6, 8) can be found as follows.

LCM of 2 and 6: 6

LCM of 6 and 8: 24

So, LCM of (2,6,8): 24

LCM of 2 and 8: 8

LCM of 8 and 6: 24

So, LCM of (2,6,8): 24

LCM of 6 and 8: 24

LCM of 24 and 2: 24

So, LCM of (2,6,8): 24

2. Find the LCM of the following.